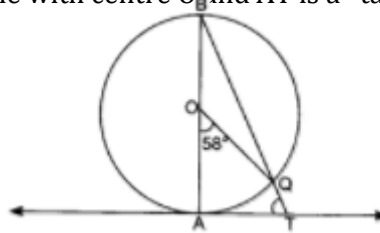


Board –

Class –

Topic –

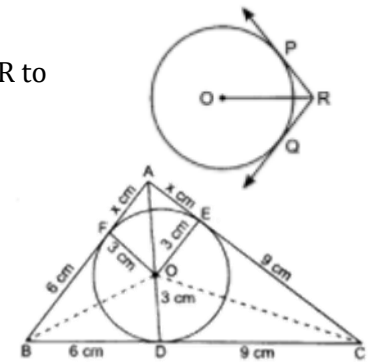
- In figure, AB is the diameter of a circle with centre O and AT is a tangent. If $\angle AOQ = 58^\circ$, find $\angle ATQ$



- From a point T outside a circle of centre O, tangents TP and TQ are drawn to the circle. Prove that OT is the right bisector of the line segment PQ.

- In figure, two tangents RQ and RP are drawn from an external point R to circle with centre O. If $\angle PRQ = 120^\circ$, then prove that $OR = PR + RQ$.

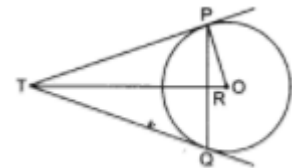
- In figure, a triangle ABC is drawn to circumscribe a circle of radius 3 cm, such that the segments BD and DC are respectively of lengths 6 cm and 9 cm. If the area of ΔABC is 54 cm^2 , then find the lengths of sides AB and AC



- Prove that the tangent at any point of a circle is perpendicular to the radius through the point of contact

- Prove that the lengths of the tangents drawn from an external point to a circle are equal

- In figure, PQ is a chord of length 16 cm, of a circle of radius 10 cm. The tangents at P and Q intersect at a point T. Find the length of TP.

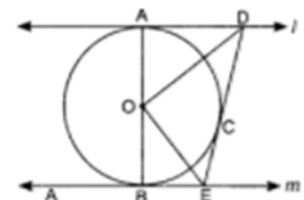


- Prove that the length of the tangents drawn from an external point to a circle is equal.

- In figure, a triangle ABC is drawn to circumscribe a circle of radius 4 cm, such that the segments BD and DC are of lengths 8 cm and 6 cm respectively. Find the sides AB and AC.



- Prove that the tangent drawn at the mid-point of an arc of a circle is parallel to the chord joining the end points of the arc.

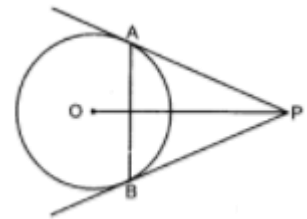


11. In the given figure l, m are two parallel tangents to the circle with centre O , touching the circle at A and B respectively. Another tangent at C intersect the line l at D and at E . prove that $\angle DOE = 90^\circ$

12. Prove that a parallelogram circumscribing a circle is a rhombus

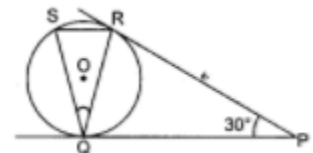
13. Prove that the tangent at any point of a circle is perpendicular to the radius through the point of contact

14. In the given figure, PA and PB are two tangents drawn from an external point P to a circle with centre O . Prove that OP is the right bisector of line segment AB .



15. A quadrilateral is drawn to circumscribe a circle. Prove that the sums of opposite sides are equal

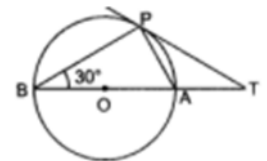
16. In figure, tangents PQ and PR are drawn from an external point P to a circle with centre O , such that $\angle RPQ = 30^\circ$. A chord RS is drawn parallel to the tangent PQ . Find $\angle RQS$



17. Prove that the tangent at any point of a circle is perpendicular to the radius through the point of contact

18. Prove that the tangent at any point of a circle is perpendicular to the radius through the point of contact

19. In figure, O is the centre of the circle and TP is the tangent to the circle from an external point T . If $\angle PBT = 30^\circ$, prove that $BA: AT = 2:1$



20. Prove that the tangent at any point of a circle is perpendicular to the radius through the point of contact

21. Prove that the lengths of tangents drawn from an external point to a circle are equal.

22. Two concentric circles are of radii 7 cm and r cm respectively, where $r > 7$. A chord of the larger circle, of length 48 cm, touches the smaller circle. Find the value of r .

23. If radii of the two concentric circles are 15 cm and 17 cm, then find the length of each chord of one circle which is tangent to one other. [Ans. 16cm]

24. If two tangents making an angle of 120° with each other, are drawn to a circle of radius 6 cm, then find the angle between the two radii, which are drawn to the tangents. [Ans. 60]

25. PQ is a chord of a circle and R is point on the minor arc. If PT is a tangent at point P such that $\angle QPT = 60$ then find $\angle PRQ$. **[Ans. 120°]**
26. If a tangent PQ at a point P of a circle of radius 5cm meets a line through the centre O at a point Q such that $OQ = 12$ cm then find the length of PQ. **[Ans. $\sqrt{119}$ cm]**
27. If the angle between two radii of a circle is 130 , then find the angle between the tangents at the end of the radii. **[Ans. 50°]**
28. ABCD is a quadrilateral. A circle centered at O is inscribed in the quadrilateral. If $AB = 7$ cm, $BC = 4$ cm, $CD = 5$ cm then find DA. **[Ans. 8 cm]**
29. If PA and PB are two tangents drawn to a circle with centre O, from an external point P such that $PA=5$ cm and $\angle APB = 60$, then find the length of the chord AB. **[Ans. 5cm]**
30. CP and CQ are tangents from an external point C to a circle with centre O. AB is another tangent which touches the circle at R and intersects PC and QC at A and B respectively. If $CP = 11$ cm and $BR = 4$ cm, then find the length of BC. **[Ans. 7cm]**
31. AB is a chord of length 9.6cm of a circle with centre O and radius 6cm. If the tangents at A and B intersect at point P then find the length PA. **[Ans. 8cm]**
32. Prove that the length of tangents drawn from an external point to a circle is equal. Hence, find BC, if a circle is inscribed in a $\triangle ABC$ touching AB, BC & CA at P, Q & R respectively, having $AB=10$ cm, $AR=7$ cm & $RC=5$ cm. **[Ans. 8cm]**