



SpeedLabs

MATHS

CBSE 8th

TEEVRA EDUTECH PVT. LTD.

Q.1 Construct the following quadrilaterals.

(i) Quadrilateral ABCD.

$AD = 4.5$ cm, $BC = 5.5$ cm, $CD = 4$ cm, $AD = 6$ cm, $AC = 7$ cm

(ii) Quadrilateral JUMP

$JU = 3.5$ cm, $UM = 4$ cm, $MP = 5$ cm, $PJ = 4.5$ cm, $PU = 6.5$ cm.

(iii) Parallelogram MORE

$OR = 6$ cm, $RE = 4.5$ cm, $EO = 7.5$ cm

(iv) Rhombus BEST

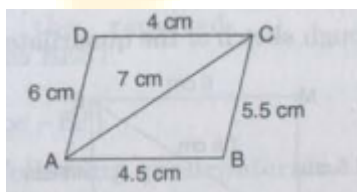
$BE = 4.5$ cm, $ET = 6$ cm

Sol:

(i) To construct a quadrilateral ABCD, the measurements have been given below

$AB = 4.5$ cm, $BC = 5.5$ cm, $CD = 4$ cm, $AD = 6$ cm and $AC = 7$ cm

Here is the rough sketch of quadrilateral ABCD.

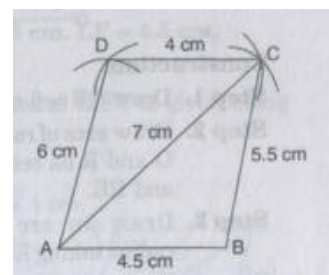


Construction:

Step 1. Draw $AB = 4.5$ cm.

Step 2. Draw an arc taking radius 5.5 cm from point B.

Step 3. Taking radius 7 cm, draw an another arc from point A



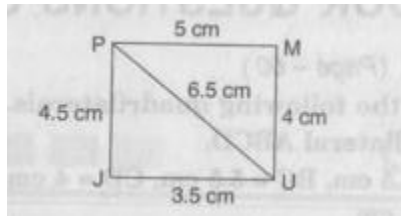
which intersects the first arc at point C, join BC and 4.5 cm AC.

Step 4. Now draw an arc of radius 6 cm from point A and draw

another arc of radius 4 cm from point C which intersect at D. Join AD and CD.

It is required quadrilateral ABCD.

(ii) Here is the rough sketch of the quadrilateral JUMP:



Construction:

Step 1. Draw $JU = 3.5$ cm.

Step 2. Draw an arc of radius 4.5 cm taking centre J and then

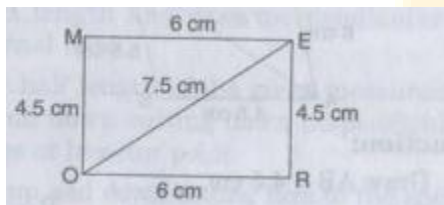
draw another arc of radius 6.5 cm taking U as centre, both arcs intersect at P.

Step 3. Join PJ and PU.

Step 4. Now draw arc of radius 5 cm and 4 cm taking P and U as centres respectively. Which intersect at M and join MP and MU.

It is a required quadrilateral JUMP.

(iii) Here is the rough sketch of the quadrilateral MORE.



(iii) Here is the rough sketch of the quadrilateral MORE.

Step 1. Draw $OR = 6$ cm.

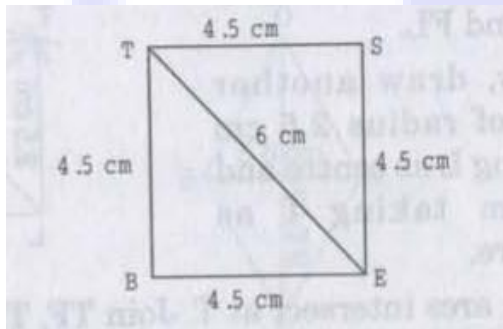
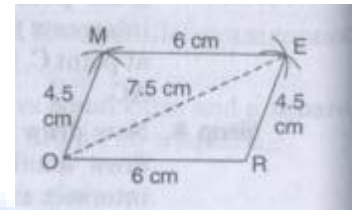
Step 2. Draw arcs of radius 7.5 cm and radius 4.5 cm taking O and R as centres, which intersect at E. Join OE and RE.

Step 3. Draw an arc of 6 cm radius taking E as centre.

Step 4. Draw another arc of 4.5 cm radius taking O as centre, which intersect at M.

Join OM and CM. It is required parallelogram MORE.

(iv) Here is the rough sketch of the quadrilateral BEST.



Construction:

Step 1. Draw $TE = 6$ cm and bisect it into two equal parts.

Step 2. Draw up and down perpendiculars to TE.

Step 3. Draw two arcs of 4.5 cm taking T and

E as centres which intersect at S.

Step 4. Again draw two arcs of 4.5 cm taking E and T as centres,

which intersect at B. Join TS, ES, BT and EB.

It is the required rhombus BEST.

