

STUDY OF COMPOUNDS & ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY

WORKSHEET - 1

- State the colours of the following salts:
a. FeSO_4 b. CuSO_4 c. $\text{Fe}_2(\text{SO}_4)_3$ d. MgCO_3 e. CaCl_2
- Name two cations which are formed by non-metals.
- Write the colors of the solutions containing the following cations: Fe^{+2} , Fe^{+3} , Cu^{+2} .
- Which reagent can be used to distinguish a solution containing a lead salt from a solution containing a zinc salt?
- Why does the blue precipitate of $\text{Cu}(\text{OH})_2$ turn black on heating?
- Which of the following ions in their solutions do not produce any precipitate with sodium hydroxide solution?
- Sodium hydroxide solution is added to solution 'A'. A white precipitate is formed which is insoluble in excess of NaOH solution. What is the metal ion present in solution 'A'?
- State what you observe when silver nitrate solution is added to dilute hydrochloric acid?
- Write balanced chemical equation for the reaction of zinc and dilute hydrochloric acid?
- What must be added to sodium chloride to obtain hydrogen chloride? Write the equation for the reaction.
- What would you see when hydrogen chloride mixes with ammonia?
- Hydrogen chloride dissolves in water forming an acidic solution.
- Write balanced equations for each of the reactions given below:
 - Action of heat on sodium nitrate and on copper nitrate.
 - Nitrogen monoxide and oxygen.
- Write the equation for the following reaction: Between copper and concentrated nitric acid.
- Write the equation for the reaction of hydrochloric acid with each of the following:
 - Lead nitrate solution
 - Manganese
 - Oxide.