

Board –CBSE

Class –

Topic –Playing with Number Ex:3.6

Exercise – 3.6

Q1. Find the HCF of the following numbers:

- (a) 18, 48
- (b) 30, 42
- (c) 18, 60
- (d) 27, 63
- (e) 36, 84
- (f) 34, 102
- (g) 70, 105, 175
- (h) 91, 112, 49
- (i) 18, 54, 81
- (j) 12, 45, 75

Sol. (a) Given numbers are 18 and 48.

Prime factorisations of 18 and 48 are:

Here, the common factors are 2 and 3.

Hence, the $HCF = 2 \times 3 = 6$.

(b) The given numbers are 30 and 42.

Prime factorisations of 30 and 42, are:

Here, the common factors are 2 and 3.

Hence, the $HCF = 2 \times 3 = 6$.

(c) Given numbers are 18 and 60.

Prime factorisations of 18 and 60 are:

Here, the common factors are 2 and 3.

Hence, the HCF of 18 and 60 = $2 \times 3 = 6$.

(d) Given numbers are 27 and 63.

Prime factorisations of 27 and 63 are:

Here, the common factor is 3 (occurring twice).

Hence, the $HCF = 3 \times 3 = 9$.

(e) Given numbers are 36 and 84.

Prime factorisations of 36 and 84 are:

Here, the common factors are 2, 2 and 3.

Hence, the HCF = $2 \times 2 \times 3 = 12$.

(f) Given numbers are 34 and 102.

Prime factorisations of 34 and 102 are:

Here, the common factors are 2 and 17.

Thus, HCF is $2 \times 17 = 34$.

(g) The given numbers are 70, 105 and 175.

Prime factorization of 70, 105 and 175 are:

Here, common factors are 5 and 7.

Hence, the HCF of 70, 105 and 175 is $5 \times 7 = 35$.

(h) Given numbers are 91, 112 and 49.

Prime factorisations of 91, 112 and 49 are:

Here, the common factor is 7.

Hence, the HCF = 7.

(i) Given numbers are 18, 54 and 81.

Prime factorisations of 18, 54 and 81 are:

Here, the common factor is 3 (occurring twice).

Thus, the HCF = $3 \times 3 = 9$.

(j) Given numbers are 12, 45 and 75.

Prime factorisations of 12, 45 and 75 are:

Here, the common factor is 3.

Hence, the HCF = 3

Q2. What is the HCF of two consecutive

(a) numbers?

(b) even numbers?

(c) odd numbers?

Sol. (a) The common factor of two consecutive numbers is always 1.

Hence, the HCF = 1.

(b) The common factors of two consecutive even numbers are 1 and 2.

Hence, the HCF = $1 \times 2 = 2$.

(c) The common factor of two consecutive odd numbers is 1.

Hence, the HCF = 1.

No, the answer is not correct.

Reason: 0 is not the prime factor of any number.

1 is always the prime factor of co-prime numbers.

Hence, the correct HCF of 4 and 15 is 1.